

PHYSICAL THERAPY IN SKILLED NURSING FACILITY

PHYSICAL THERAPY IN SKILLED NURSING FACILITY PLAYS A CRUCIAL ROLE IN THE REHABILITATION AND RECOVERY OF PATIENTS WHO REQUIRE SPECIALIZED MEDICAL AND THERAPEUTIC CARE. SKILLED NURSING FACILITIES (SNFs) PROVIDE AN IDEAL ENVIRONMENT FOR INDIVIDUALS RECOVERING FROM SURGERIES, INJURIES, OR CHRONIC ILLNESSES TO RECEIVE COMPREHENSIVE PHYSICAL THERAPY SERVICES. THESE SERVICES ARE DESIGNED TO HELP PATIENTS REGAIN MOBILITY, IMPROVE STRENGTH, AND ENHANCE OVERALL FUNCTIONAL INDEPENDENCE. THIS ARTICLE EXPLORES THE IMPORTANCE OF PHYSICAL THERAPY IN SKILLED NURSING FACILITIES, THE TYPES OF THERAPIES OFFERED, THE QUALIFICATIONS OF THERAPISTS, AND THE BENEFITS FOR PATIENTS. ADDITIONALLY, IT HIGHLIGHTS HOW PHYSICAL THERAPY ALIGNS WITH PATIENT-CENTERED CARE AND REGULATORY STANDARDS WITHIN SKILLED NURSING SETTINGS. UNDERSTANDING THESE ASPECTS IS VITAL FOR PATIENTS, FAMILIES, AND HEALTHCARE PROFESSIONALS SEEKING EFFECTIVE REHABILITATION SOLUTIONS IN SNFs.

- OVERVIEW OF PHYSICAL THERAPY IN SKILLED NURSING FACILITIES
- TYPES OF PHYSICAL THERAPY SERVICES OFFERED
- ROLE AND QUALIFICATIONS OF PHYSICAL THERAPISTS IN SNFs
- BENEFITS OF PHYSICAL THERAPY IN SKILLED NURSING FACILITIES
- PATIENT-CENTERED CARE AND REHABILITATION GOALS
- REGULATORY STANDARDS AND QUALITY MEASURES

OVERVIEW OF PHYSICAL THERAPY IN SKILLED NURSING FACILITIES

PHYSICAL THERAPY IN SKILLED NURSING FACILITIES IS A SPECIALIZED SERVICE AIMED AT SUPPORTING PATIENTS' RECOVERY THROUGH TARGETED THERAPEUTIC INTERVENTIONS. SNFs PROVIDE A STRUCTURED SETTING WHERE PATIENTS RECEIVE ROUND-THROUGH THE-CLOCK NURSING CARE COMBINED WITH REHABILITATIVE THERAPIES. PHYSICAL THERAPY FOCUSES ON RESTORING FUNCTIONAL ABILITIES THAT MAY BE IMPAIRED DUE TO SURGERY, ILLNESS, OR INJURY. SKILLED NURSING FACILITIES OFTEN ADMIT PATIENTS TRANSITIONING FROM HOSPITALS WHO REQUIRE EXTENDED CARE TO REGAIN INDEPENDENCE. THE THERAPY PROGRAMS ARE TAILORED TO EACH PATIENT'S UNIQUE MEDICAL CONDITION, MOBILITY LIMITATIONS, AND RECOVERY GOALS.

PURPOSE AND GOALS OF THERAPY

THE PRIMARY PURPOSE OF PHYSICAL THERAPY IN A SKILLED NURSING FACILITY IS TO HELP PATIENTS IMPROVE STRENGTH, BALANCE, COORDINATION, AND ENDURANCE. THERAPISTS WORK TO REDUCE PAIN, PREVENT COMPLICATIONS SUCH AS MUSCLE ATROPHY OR CONTRACTURES, AND ENABLE PATIENTS TO PERFORM DAILY ACTIVITIES INDEPENDENTLY. THE ULTIMATE GOAL IS TO FACILITATE A SAFE RETURN TO HOME OR A LESS INTENSIVE CARE ENVIRONMENT WHENEVER POSSIBLE. THERAPY PLANS MAY ALSO FOCUS ON FALL PREVENTION, GAIT TRAINING, AND ADAPTIVE TECHNIQUES FOR CHRONIC CONDITIONS.

PATIENT POPULATION

PATIENTS IN SKILLED NURSING FACILITIES RECEIVING PHYSICAL THERAPY OFTEN INCLUDE OLDER ADULTS RECOVERING FROM HIP OR KNEE REPLACEMENTS, STROKE SURVIVORS, INDIVIDUALS WITH NEUROLOGICAL DISORDERS, AND THOSE WITH COMPLEX MEDICAL NEEDS REQUIRING REHABILITATIVE SUPPORT. THE DIVERSITY OF PATIENT CONDITIONS NECESSITATES A BROAD RANGE OF THERAPEUTIC APPROACHES AND CONTINUOUS ASSESSMENT TO OPTIMIZE OUTCOMES.

TYPES OF PHYSICAL THERAPY SERVICES OFFERED

PHYSICAL THERAPY IN SKILLED NURSING FACILITIES ENCOMPASSES A VARIETY OF TREATMENT MODALITIES DESIGNED TO ADDRESS SPECIFIC FUNCTIONAL DEFICITS. THE SELECTION OF THERAPIES DEPENDS ON THE PATIENT'S DIAGNOSIS, MOBILITY LEVEL, AND REHABILITATION OBJECTIVES.

THERAPEUTIC EXERCISES

THERAPEUTIC EXERCISES ARE FUNDAMENTAL COMPONENTS OF PHYSICAL THERAPY PROGRAMS. THESE EXERCISES AIM TO ENHANCE MUSCLE STRENGTH, FLEXIBILITY, AND JOINT RANGE OF MOTION. THERAPISTS MAY USE RESISTANCE TRAINING, STRETCHING ROUTINES, AND ENDURANCE-BUILDING ACTIVITIES TO PROMOTE PHYSICAL RECOVERY.

GAIT AND BALANCE TRAINING

GAIT TRAINING FOCUSES ON IMPROVING WALKING ABILITY, OFTEN UTILIZING ASSISTIVE DEVICES SUCH AS WALKERS OR CANES. BALANCE TRAINING HELPS REDUCE THE RISK OF FALLS BY IMPROVING STABILITY AND COORDINATION. THESE SERVICES ARE ESSENTIAL FOR PATIENTS WITH NEUROLOGICAL IMPAIRMENTS OR THOSE RECOVERING FROM LOWER EXTREMITY SURGERIES.

MANUAL THERAPY AND MODALITIES

MANUAL THERAPY INCLUDES HANDS-ON TECHNIQUES SUCH AS JOINT MOBILIZATION AND SOFT TISSUE MASSAGE TO ALLEVIATE PAIN AND IMPROVE MOBILITY. MODALITIES LIKE ULTRASOUND, ELECTRICAL STIMULATION, AND HEAT/COLD THERAPY MAY BE APPLIED TO SUPPORT HEALING AND REDUCE INFLAMMATION.

FUNCTIONAL MOBILITY TRAINING

THIS ASPECT OF THERAPY FOCUSES ON EVERYDAY TASKS SUCH AS TRANSFERRING FROM BED TO CHAIR, STAIR CLIMBING, AND SELF-CARE ACTIVITIES. FUNCTIONAL TRAINING ENSURES PATIENTS REGAIN INDEPENDENCE IN THEIR ACTIVITIES OF DAILY LIVING (ADLs).

ROLE AND QUALIFICATIONS OF PHYSICAL THERAPISTS IN SNFs

PHYSICAL THERAPISTS PRACTICING IN SKILLED NURSING FACILITIES POSSESS SPECIALIZED TRAINING AND CERTIFICATIONS TO ADDRESS THE COMPLEX NEEDS OF THE REHABILITATIVE PATIENT POPULATION. THEIR EXPERTISE EXTENDS BEYOND GENERAL THERAPY TO INCLUDE KNOWLEDGE OF GERIATRIC CARE, CHRONIC DISEASE MANAGEMENT, AND INTERDISCIPLINARY COLLABORATION.

EDUCATION AND LICENSING

PHYSICAL THERAPISTS MUST HOLD A DOCTOR OF PHYSICAL THERAPY (DPT) DEGREE AND MAINTAIN STATE LICENSURE TO PRACTICE. MANY THERAPISTS IN SNFs PURSUE ADDITIONAL CERTIFICATIONS RELATED TO GERIATRICS, NEUROLOGICAL REHABILITATION, OR WOUND CARE TO ENHANCE THEIR CLINICAL SKILLS.

INTERDISCIPLINARY COLLABORATION

PTs IN SKILLED NURSING FACILITIES WORK CLOSELY WITH PHYSICIANS, NURSES, OCCUPATIONAL THERAPISTS, SPEECH THERAPISTS, AND SOCIAL WORKERS. THIS COLLABORATION ENSURES COMPREHENSIVE CARE PLANNING AND ADDRESSES THE MULTIFACETED NEEDS OF PATIENTS DURING THEIR REHABILITATION JOURNEY.

ASSESSMENT AND DOCUMENTATION

PHYSICAL THERAPISTS CONDUCT THOROUGH ASSESSMENTS TO EVALUATE PATIENTS' FUNCTIONAL STATUS AND ESTABLISH MEASURABLE GOALS. DETAILED DOCUMENTATION OF TREATMENT PROGRESS AND FUNCTIONAL OUTCOMES IS CRITICAL FOR CARE CONTINUITY AND COMPLIANCE WITH REIMBURSEMENT REQUIREMENTS.

BENEFITS OF PHYSICAL THERAPY IN SKILLED NURSING FACILITIES

THE INTEGRATION OF PHYSICAL THERAPY INTO SKILLED NURSING FACILITIES OFFERS NUMEROUS BENEFITS THAT IMPROVE PATIENT OUTCOMES AND OVERALL QUALITY OF LIFE.

ENHANCED RECOVERY AND FUNCTIONAL IMPROVEMENT

PHYSICAL THERAPY ACCELERATES RECOVERY TIMES BY TARGETING IMPAIRMENTS AND PROMOTING PHYSICAL ACTIVITY. PATIENTS OFTEN EXPERIENCE IMPROVEMENTS IN MOBILITY, STRENGTH, AND ENDURANCE THAT CONTRIBUTE TO GREATER INDEPENDENCE.

REDUCED HOSPITAL READMISSIONS

EFFECTIVE REHABILITATION IN SKILLED NURSING FACILITIES DECREASES THE LIKELIHOOD OF COMPLICATIONS THAT LEAD TO HOSPITAL READMISSIONS. PHYSICAL THERAPY HELPS MANAGE CHRONIC CONDITIONS AND PREVENTS SECONDARY HEALTH ISSUES BY MAINTAINING PATIENT FUNCTION.

PSYCHOSOCIAL BENEFITS

PHYSICAL THERAPY ALSO SUPPORTS MENTAL HEALTH BY BOOSTING PATIENT CONFIDENCE AND REDUCING FEELINGS OF HELPLESSNESS. ENGAGING IN THERAPY PROGRAMS ENCOURAGES SOCIAL INTERACTION AND CONTRIBUTES TO EMOTIONAL WELL-BEING.

COST-EFFECTIVENESS

PROVIDING PHYSICAL THERAPY WITHIN SKILLED NURSING FACILITIES CAN BE MORE COST-EFFECTIVE THAN PROLONGED HOSPITAL STAYS OR INSTITUTIONALIZATION. IT SUPPORTS TIMELY TRANSITIONS TO HOME CARE, REDUCING HEALTHCARE EXPENDITURES.

PATIENT-CENTERED CARE AND REHABILITATION GOALS

PHYSICAL THERAPY IN SKILLED NURSING FACILITIES IS DESIGNED AROUND THE INDIVIDUAL NEEDS AND PREFERENCES OF EACH PATIENT. EMPHASIZING PATIENT-CENTERED CARE ENSURES THERAPIES ARE MEANINGFUL AND ALIGNED WITH PERSONAL GOALS.

GOAL SETTING AND CUSTOMIZATION

THERAPISTS COLLABORATE WITH PATIENTS AND FAMILIES TO ESTABLISH REALISTIC AND ACHIEVABLE REHABILITATION GOALS. TREATMENT PLANS ARE CUSTOMIZED TO ADDRESS SPECIFIC FUNCTIONAL LIMITATIONS AND LIFESTYLE CONSIDERATIONS.

EMPOWERMENT AND EDUCATION

PATIENT EDUCATION IS INTEGRAL TO PHYSICAL THERAPY, EMPOWERING INDIVIDUALS TO UNDERSTAND THEIR CONDITIONS AND PARTICIPATE ACTIVELY IN THEIR RECOVERY. EDUCATION INCLUDES INSTRUCTION ON EXERCISES, SAFETY PRECAUTIONS, AND ADAPTIVE STRATEGIES.

ONGOING EVALUATION AND ADJUSTMENT

THERAPY PROGRAMS ARE REGULARLY EVALUATED AND ADJUSTED BASED ON PATIENT PROGRESS AND CHANGING NEEDS. THIS DYNAMIC APPROACH MAXIMIZES REHABILITATION EFFECTIVENESS AND SUPPORTS LONG-TERM HEALTH MAINTENANCE.

REGULATORY STANDARDS AND QUALITY MEASURES

PHYSICAL THERAPY SERVICES WITHIN SKILLED NURSING FACILITIES ARE SUBJECT TO REGULATORY OVERSIGHT TO ENSURE SAFETY, EFFICACY, AND QUALITY OF CARE. COMPLIANCE WITH THESE STANDARDS IS ESSENTIAL FOR FACILITY ACCREDITATION AND REIMBURSEMENT.

FEDERAL AND STATE REGULATIONS

SNFS MUST ADHERE TO REGULATIONS ESTABLISHED BY ENTITIES SUCH AS THE CENTERS FOR MEDICARE & MEDICAID SERVICES (CMS) AND STATE HEALTH DEPARTMENTS. THESE REGULATIONS GOVERN STAFFING REQUIREMENTS, TREATMENT PROTOCOLS, AND DOCUMENTATION PRACTICES.

QUALITY INDICATORS

QUALITY MEASURES EVALUATE PATIENT OUTCOMES, SATISFACTION, AND THE APPROPRIATENESS OF THERAPY SERVICES. FACILITIES MONITOR INDICATORS SUCH AS IMPROVEMENT IN MOBILITY SCORES, REDUCTION IN FALLS, AND TIMELY INITIATION OF PHYSICAL THERAPY.

CONTINUOUS QUALITY IMPROVEMENT

SKILLED NURSING FACILITIES IMPLEMENT CONTINUOUS QUALITY IMPROVEMENT (CQI) INITIATIVES TO ENHANCE PHYSICAL THERAPY PROGRAMS. THESE EFFORTS INCLUDE STAFF TRAINING, OUTCOME TRACKING, AND ADOPTION OF EVIDENCE-BASED PRACTICES.

- THERAPEUTIC EXERCISES
- GAIT AND BALANCE TRAINING
- MANUAL THERAPY AND MODALITIES
- FUNCTIONAL MOBILITY TRAINING

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

WHAT IS THE ROLE OF PHYSICAL THERAPY IN A SKILLED NURSING FACILITY?

PHYSICAL THERAPY IN A SKILLED NURSING FACILITY FOCUSES ON HELPING RESIDENTS REGAIN MOBILITY, IMPROVE STRENGTH, AND MANAGE PAIN TO ENHANCE THEIR OVERALL QUALITY OF LIFE AND INDEPENDENCE.

HOW SOON AFTER ADMISSION DOES PHYSICAL THERAPY TYPICALLY BEGIN IN A SKILLED NURSING FACILITY?

PHYSICAL THERAPY USUALLY BEGINS WITHIN 24 TO 48 HOURS AFTER ADMISSION TO A SKILLED NURSING FACILITY, DEPENDING ON THE PATIENT'S MEDICAL CONDITION AND PHYSICIAN'S ORDERS.

WHAT ARE COMMON CONDITIONS TREATED BY PHYSICAL THERAPY IN SKILLED NURSING FACILITIES?

COMMON CONDITIONS INCLUDE POST-SURGICAL REHABILITATION, STROKE RECOVERY, ORTHOPEDIC INJURIES, BALANCE DISORDERS, AND CHRONIC DISEASES SUCH AS ARTHRITIS AND PARKINSON'S DISEASE.

HOW DOES PHYSICAL THERAPY BENEFIT ELDERLY PATIENTS IN SKILLED NURSING FACILITIES?

PHYSICAL THERAPY HELPS ELDERLY PATIENTS MAINTAIN OR IMPROVE MOBILITY, REDUCE FALL RISK, MANAGE CHRONIC PAIN, ENHANCE CARDIOVASCULAR HEALTH, AND PROMOTE INDEPENDENCE IN DAILY ACTIVITIES.

WHAT TYPES OF PHYSICAL THERAPY INTERVENTIONS ARE USED IN SKILLED NURSING FACILITIES?

INTERVENTIONS INCLUDE THERAPEUTIC EXERCISES, GAIT TRAINING, BALANCE ACTIVITIES, MANUAL THERAPY, USE OF ASSISTIVE DEVICES, AND PAIN MANAGEMENT TECHNIQUES.

HOW IS PROGRESS MEASURED DURING PHYSICAL THERAPY IN A SKILLED NURSING FACILITY?

PROGRESS IS MEASURED THROUGH REGULAR ASSESSMENTS OF STRENGTH, RANGE OF MOTION, BALANCE, FUNCTIONAL MOBILITY, PAIN LEVELS, AND THE ABILITY TO PERFORM ACTIVITIES OF DAILY LIVING.

ARE PHYSICAL THERAPY SERVICES COVERED BY MEDICARE IN SKILLED NURSING FACILITIES?

YES, MEDICARE PART A COVERS PHYSICAL THERAPY SERVICES IN SKILLED NURSING FACILITIES WHEN THE PATIENT MEETS SPECIFIC CRITERIA, SUCH AS REQUIRING SKILLED NURSING OR REHABILITATION SERVICES FOLLOWING A HOSPITAL STAY.

HOW DO PHYSICAL THERAPISTS COORDINATE CARE WITH OTHER HEALTHCARE PROFESSIONALS IN SKILLED NURSING FACILITIES?

PHYSICAL THERAPISTS COLLABORATE WITH PHYSICIANS, NURSES, OCCUPATIONAL THERAPISTS, SPEECH THERAPISTS, AND SOCIAL WORKERS TO CREATE COMPREHENSIVE CARE PLANS TAILORED TO EACH RESIDENT'S NEEDS.

WHAT CHALLENGES DO PHYSICAL THERAPISTS FACE WORKING IN SKILLED NURSING FACILITIES?

CHALLENGES INCLUDE MANAGING COMPLEX MEDICAL CONDITIONS, MOTIVATING ELDERLY OR COGNITIVELY IMPAIRED PATIENTS,

LIMITED RESOURCES, AND BALANCING INDIVIDUALIZED CARE WITH FACILITY PROTOCOLS.

HOW HAS TELEHEALTH IMPACTED PHYSICAL THERAPY SERVICES IN SKILLED NURSING FACILITIES?

TELEHEALTH HAS ENABLED REMOTE CONSULTATIONS, PROGRESS MONITORING, AND CAREGIVER TRAINING, IMPROVING ACCESS TO PHYSICAL THERAPY SERVICES, ESPECIALLY DURING TIMES WHEN IN-PERSON VISITS ARE LIMITED.

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

1. *PHYSICAL THERAPY IN SKILLED NURSING FACILITIES: A COMPREHENSIVE GUIDE*

THIS BOOK OFFERS AN IN-DEPTH OVERVIEW OF PHYSICAL THERAPY PRACTICES SPECIFICALLY TAILORED FOR SKILLED NURSING FACILITY SETTINGS. IT COVERS ASSESSMENT TECHNIQUES, TREATMENT PLANNING, AND REHABILITATION PROTOCOLS TO ENHANCE PATIENT OUTCOMES. WITH CASE STUDIES AND PRACTICAL TIPS, IT SERVES AS AN ESSENTIAL RESOURCE FOR THERAPISTS WORKING WITH ELDERLY AND MEDICALLY COMPLEX POPULATIONS.

2. *REHABILITATION STRATEGIES FOR SKILLED NURSING FACILITY PATIENTS*

FOCUSED ON EFFECTIVE REHABILITATION APPROACHES, THIS BOOK PRESENTS EVIDENCE-BASED STRATEGIES FOR PHYSICAL THERAPISTS MANAGING PATIENTS IN SKILLED NURSING FACILITIES. IT EMPHASIZES INTERDISCIPLINARY COLLABORATION, FUNCTIONAL MOBILITY IMPROVEMENT, AND MANAGING CHRONIC CONDITIONS. THE TEXT ALSO ADDRESSES REGULATORY CONSIDERATIONS AND DOCUMENTATION BEST PRACTICES.

3. *GERIATRIC PHYSICAL THERAPY IN SKILLED NURSING ENVIRONMENTS*

SPECIALIZING IN GERIATRIC CARE, THIS BOOK PROVIDES DETAILED GUIDANCE ON ADDRESSING THE UNIQUE CHALLENGES FACED BY ELDERLY PATIENTS IN SKILLED NURSING FACILITIES. IT INCLUDES CHAPTERS ON BALANCE TRAINING, FALL PREVENTION, AND COGNITIVE IMPAIRMENTS. THERAPISTS WILL FIND PRACTICAL EXERCISES AND ASSESSMENT TOOLS DESIGNED FOR AGING POPULATIONS.

4. *ADVANCED TECHNIQUES IN SKILLED NURSING FACILITY PHYSICAL THERAPY*

DESIGNED FOR EXPERIENCED THERAPISTS, THIS BOOK EXPLORES ADVANCED MODALITIES AND INTERVENTIONS USED IN SKILLED NURSING FACILITIES. TOPICS INCLUDE MANUAL THERAPY, NEUROMUSCULAR RE-EDUCATION, AND PAIN MANAGEMENT TECHNIQUES. IT ALSO HIGHLIGHTS THE INTEGRATION OF TECHNOLOGY AND INNOVATIVE PRACTICES TO OPTIMIZE REHABILITATION.

5. *PHYSICAL THERAPY DOCUMENTATION AND COMPLIANCE IN SKILLED NURSING FACILITIES*

THIS RESOURCE FOCUSES ON THE CRITICAL ASPECTS OF DOCUMENTATION, BILLING, AND REGULATORY COMPLIANCE WITHIN SKILLED NURSING FACILITY PHYSICAL THERAPY. IT GUIDES THERAPISTS THROUGH ACCURATE RECORD-KEEPING, UNDERSTANDING REIMBURSEMENT POLICIES, AND MEETING FEDERAL AND STATE REQUIREMENTS. THE BOOK AIMS TO REDUCE ADMINISTRATIVE BURDENS WHILE ENSURING HIGH-QUALITY CARE.

6. *FUNCTIONAL MOBILITY TRAINING FOR SKILLED NURSING FACILITY PATIENTS*

THIS BOOK CENTERS ON IMPROVING PATIENTS' FUNCTIONAL MOBILITY THROUGH TARGETED PHYSICAL THERAPY INTERVENTIONS IN SKILLED NURSING SETTINGS. IT COVERS GAIT TRAINING, WHEELCHAIR MOBILITY, TRANSFER TECHNIQUES, AND ADAPTIVE EQUIPMENT USE. THE CONTENT IS SUPPORTED BY REAL-WORLD EXAMPLES AND OUTCOME MEASUREMENT TOOLS.

7. *INTERDISCIPLINARY APPROACHES TO PHYSICAL THERAPY IN SKILLED NURSING FACILITIES*

HIGHLIGHTING THE IMPORTANCE OF TEAMWORK, THIS BOOK DISCUSSES COLLABORATIVE CARE MODELS INVOLVING PHYSICAL THERAPISTS, OCCUPATIONAL THERAPISTS, NURSING STAFF, AND PHYSICIANS. IT EXPLORES COMMUNICATION STRATEGIES, CARE COORDINATION, AND SHARED GOAL-SETTING TO ENHANCE PATIENT RECOVERY. CASE STUDIES ILLUSTRATE SUCCESSFUL INTERDISCIPLINARY INTERVENTIONS.

8. *THERAPEUTIC EXERCISE AND MODALITIES IN SKILLED NURSING FACILITIES*

PROVIDING A COMPREHENSIVE LOOK AT THERAPEUTIC EXERCISES AND MODALITIES, THIS BOOK COVERS STRENGTH TRAINING, BALANCE EXERCISES, ELECTROTHERAPY, AND HEAT/COLD APPLICATIONS. IT IS TAILORED TO THE SKILLED NURSING FACILITY ENVIRONMENT, CONSIDERING PATIENT LIMITATIONS AND SAFETY CONCERNS. THE BOOK INCLUDES PROTOCOLS AND GUIDELINES FOR EFFECTIVE TREATMENT PLANS.

9. *CLINICAL DECISION-MAKING IN SKILLED NURSING FACILITY PHYSICAL THERAPY*

THIS BOOK FOCUSES ON THE CRITICAL THINKING AND CLINICAL REASONING SKILLS NECESSARY FOR EFFECTIVE PHYSICAL THERAPY IN SKILLED NURSING FACILITIES. IT OFFERS FRAMEWORKS FOR ASSESSMENT, GOAL SETTING, AND INTERVENTION SELECTION BASED ON PATIENT-SPECIFIC FACTORS. THE TEXT ALSO DISCUSSES ETHICAL CONSIDERATIONS AND PATIENT-CENTERED CARE APPROACHES.

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